IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v. * CRIMINAL NO. SAG-19-466

THOMAS MICHAEL MANNION, JR..

*

Defendant.

* *****

PROTECTIVE ORDER

To expedite the flow of discovery material between the parties, facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality, adequately address issues related to sensitive information entitled to be kept confidential, and ensure that protection is afforded only to material so entitled, pursuant to the Court's authority under Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(d)(1), 18 U.S.C. §§ 3509(d) and 3771, and with the consent of the parties, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

I. CATEGORIES OF PROTECTED DOCUMENTS

- (1) **Sealed Court Documents:** The United States may produce certain material to the defense that has been filed under seal with the court and continues to be maintained under seal. These sealed materials consist of search warrants and other legal process obtained during the course of the investigation. Upon producing any such sealed documents to the defense, the United States shall designate them as "protected" in the manner set forth in Section II, below.
- (2) **Evidence Relating to Ongoing Investigations:** The United States may produce information to the defense that may be related to ongoing investigations that should not be publicly disclosed. Disclosure of any such information may adversely impact any ongoing investigations by causing the subjects of those investigations to flee, destroy evidence or otherwise obstruct

justice. Upon producing any such documents to the defense, the United States shall designate them as "protected" in the manner set forth in Section II, below.

- (3) **Grand Jury Materials:** The United States may produce certain information to the defense, including transcripts of witness testimony that may be within the scope of the grand jury secrecy and disclosure provisions of Fed. R. Crim. P. 6(e), pursuant to the government's *Jencks*, *Giglio*, or *Brady* obligations. Upon producing any such documents to the defense, the United States shall designate them as "protected" in the manner set forth in Section II, below.
- (4) Production of Personal Identity Information by the United States That May Be Subject to the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a, or to 42 U.S.C. § 1306, or Other Privacy Protections: The United States may produce certain individually identifiable personal identity information as identified in Rule 49.1 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure to the defense, pursuant to the defendant's discovery requests. The information produced may be subject to the provisions of the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a, or to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 1306. The United States may produce this information in redacted or unredacted form. Upon producing any such documents to the defense, the United States shall designate them as "protected" in the manner set forth in Section II, below.
- produce certain information relating to the minor victims of sex crimes included within the government's evidence in this case to the defense, pursuant to the defendant's discovery requests. This information may include personal identity information ("PII"), witness statements, photographs, media files, recordings, and the contents of electronic devices and accounts that would disclose the identity of the minor victims of sex crimes. The United States may produce this

information in redacted or unredacted form. Upon producing any such documents to the defense, the United States shall designate them as "protected" in the manner set forth in Section II, below.

II. DESIGNATION AND USE OF PROTECTED INFORMATION

- (1) **Designation of Material Subject to this Protective Order:** To designate "protected" material covered by this Protective Order, the United States shall so designate, on the material itself, in an accompanying cover letter, or on digital storage media cover or label, by using the following designation: "PROTECTED INFORMATION—SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER."
- (2) **Sealed Documents:** Documents that have been filed under seal with the court and continue to be maintained under seal shall be provided to the Defendant for purposes of discovery.
- (3) Use and Disclosure of Protected Information and Materials: The defense may use these documents only for purposes of the current litigation, and may disclose them to non-parties to this litigation only as needed for the litigation. Counsel for the United States and the defense must secure the protected information in a manner where it would not be available to anyone outside of the government or defense counsel's litigation team.
- (4) **Filing of Documents:** The Clerk shall accept for filing under seal any documents or filings so marked by the parties pursuant to this Order. The defendant shall not file these documents with, or submit them to, the Court, or reproduce their contents in any court filing, unless the document or filing is placed under seal or all information that would disclose protected information within the document or filing has been removed.
- (5) **Protected Information in Open Court:** The procedures for use of designated protected information or documents during any hearing or the trial of this matter shall be determined by the parties and the Court in advance of the hearing or trial. The parties shall consider

the following: (1) redacting protected documents to remove protected information; (2) requesting

the Court to accept such documents or exhibits under seal; (3) coding the documents to substitute

a numerical or other designation for the protected information; (4) introducing summary evidence

where practicable and which may be more easily redacted; and (5) assuring that all Social Security

numbers and other Personal Identity Information associated with individuals have been redacted

in accordance with Rule 49.1 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and other applicable

laws. No party shall disclose designated protected documents in open Court without prior

consideration by the Court.

III. **FURTHER ORDERS**

> **Modification of Protective Order Permitted:** Nothing in this Order shall prevent (1)

any party from seeking modification of this Protective Order or from objecting to discovery, or

lack thereof, that it believes to be otherwise improper.

No Waiver: The failure to designate any materials as provided in Section II, above, (2)

shall not constitute a waiver of a party's assertion that the materials are covered by this Protective

Order.

(3) No Ruling on Discoverability or Admissibility: This Protective Order does not

constitute a ruling on the question of whether any particular material is properly discoverable or

admissible and does not constitute any ruling on any potential objection to the discoverability of

any material.

SO ORDERED this ______, 2019.

Stephanie A. Gallagher United States District Judge

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